# DIAGNOCURE (INDIA)™ Diagnocure Toxoplasma IgG/IgM Combo Rapid Test (Serum / Plasma)

# In vitro Diagnostic

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The Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay for the simultaneous detection and differentiation of IgG and IgM anti-Toxoplasma Gondii (T. gondii) in human serum or plasma. This kit is intended to be used as a screening test and as an aid in the diagnosis of infection with T. gondii. Any reactive specimen with the Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test must be confirmed with alternative testing method (s) and clinical findings.

T. gondii is an obligate intracellular protozoan parasite with a worldwide distribution 1,2 Serological data indicates that approximately 30% of the population of most industrialized nations is chronically infected with the organism<sup>3</sup>.

A variety of serological tests for antibodies to T. gondii have been used as an aid in diagnosis of acute infection and to assess previous exposure to the organism. These tests are: the Sabin-Feldman dye test, direct agglutination, indirect hemagglutination, latex agglutination, indirect immunofluorescence, and  ${\sf ELISA}^{4.7}.$  Recently, lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay, such as the Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test has been introduced to the clinic for the instant detection of T. gondii infection.

The Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay. The test cassette consists of: 1) a burgundy colored conjugate pad containing recombinant T. gondii antigens conjugated with colloid gold (T. gondii conjugates) and rabbit IgG-gold conjugates, 2) a nitrocellulose membrane strip containing two test bands (T1 and T2 bands) and a control band (C band). The T1 band is pre-coated with monoclonal anti-human IgM for detection of IgM anti-T. gondii antibody, T2 band is pre-coated with reagents for detection of IgG anti-T. gondii antibody, and the C band is pre-coated with goat anti-rabbit IgG.

When an adequate volume of test specimen is dispensed into the sample well of the test cassette, the specimen migrates by capillary action across the cassette. IgM anti-T. gondii if present in the specimen will bind to the T. gondii conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated anti-human IgM antibody, forming a burgundy colored T1 band, indicating a T. gondii IgM positive test result.

IgG anti-T. gondii if present in the specimen will bind to the T. gondii conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured by the pre-coated reagents on the membrane, forming a burgundy colored T2 band, indicating a T. gondii IgG positive test result.

Absence of any T bands (T1 and T2) suggests a negative result. The test contains an internal control (C band) which should exhibit a burgundy colored band of the immunocomplex of goat anti rabbit IgG/rabbit IgG-gold conjugate regardless of the color development on any of the T bands. Otherwise, the test result is invalid and the specimen must be retested with another device

- Each kit contains 50 test devices, each sealed in a foil pouch with three items inside:
  - a. One cassette device.
  - b. One plastic dropper.
  - One desiccant.
- One package insert (instruction for use).
- Positive Control (1 vial, red cap, 1 mL, Cat # R0233-P)
- Negative Control (1 vial, green cap, 1 mL, Cat # R0233-N)
- Clock or Timer

# For in Vitro Diagnostic Use

- 1. This package insert must be read completely before performing the test. Failure to follow the insert gives inaccurate test results.
- 2. Do not open the sealed pouch, unless ready to conduct the assay.
- 3. Do not use expired devices.
- 4. Bring all reagents to room temperature (15°C-30°C) before use.
- 5. Do not use the components in any other type of test kit as a substitute for the components in this kit.
- 6. Do not use hemolized blood for the testing.
- 7. Wear protective clothing and disposable gloves while handling the kit reagents and clinical specimens. Wash hands thoroughly after performing the test.
- 8. Users of this test should follow the US CDC Universal Precautions for prevention of transmission of HIV, HBV and other blood-borne pathogens.
- 9. Do not smoke, drink, or eat in areas where specimens or kit reagents are being handled.
- 10. Dispose of all specimens and materials used to perform the test as biohazardous

- 11. Handle the Negative and Positive Control in the same manner as patient specimens
- 12. The testing results should be read within 15 minutes after a specimen is applied to the sample well or sample pad of the device. Read result after 15 minutes may give erroneous results.
- 13. Do not perform the test in a room with strong air flow, ie. an electric fan or strong air-conditioning.

All reagents are ready to use as supplied. Store unused test devices unopened at 2°C-30°C. The positive and negative controls should be kept at 2°C-8°C. If stored at 2°C-8°C, ensure that the test device is brought to 15°C-30°C before opening. The test device is stable through the expiration date printed on the sealed pouch. Do not freeze the kit or expose the kit over 30°C

Consider any materials of human origin as infectious and handle them using standard biosafety procedures.

## Whole Blood

Consider any materials of human origin as infectious and handle them with standard biosafety procedures. Collect whole blood in a clean container containing anti-coagulant (EDTA, citrate or heparin) by venipuncture. Blood can be obtained by finger tip puncture as well.

Whole blood specimen should be stored in refrigeration (4°C-8°C) if not tested immediately for up to 3 days. The specimen should be frozen at -20°C for longer storage. Avoid repeat freeze and thaw cycles.

### <u>Plasma</u>

- Collect blood specimen into a lavender, blue or green top collection tube (containing EDTA, citrate or heparin, respectively in Vacutainer®) by veinpuncture.
- Separate the plasma by centrifugation.
- Carefully withdraw the plasma into new pre-labeled tube. 3.

## <u>Serum</u>

- Collect blood specimen into a red top collection tube (containing no anticoagulants in Vacutainer®) by veinpuncture.
- Allow the blood to clot.
- 3. Separate the serum by centrifugation.
- Carefully withdraw the serum into a new pre-labeled tube.

Test specimens as soon as possible after collecting. Store specimens at 2°C-8°C if not tested

Store specimens at 2°C-8°C up to 5 days. The specimens should be frozen at -20°C for longer storage.

Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. Prior to testing, bring frozen specimens to room temperature slowly and mix gently. Specimens containing visible particulate matter should be clarified by centrifugation before testing. Do not use samples demonstrating gross lipemia, gross hemolysis or turbidity in order to avoid interference on result interpretation.

- Step 1: Bring the specimen and test components to room temperature if refrigerated or frozen. Mix the specimen well prior to assay once thawed.
- Step 2: When ready to test, open the pouch at the notch and remove device. Place the test device on a clean, flat surface,
- Step 3: Be sure to label the device with specimen's ID number.
- Step 4: Fill the plastic dropper with the specimen.

Holding the dropper vertically, dispense 1 drop (about ~10 μL) of serum/plasma into the sample well making sure that there are no air bubbles.

Immediately add 2 drop (about 30-40 µL) of Sample Diluent to the sample well.



1 drop of specimen

2 drop of sample diluent

Step 5: Set up timer.

Step 6: Results can be read in 15 minutes. Positive results can be visible in as short as 1 minute.

# DIAGNOCURE (INDIA) TM Diagnocure Toxoplasma IgG/IgM Combo Rapid Test (Serum / Plasma)

Don't read result after 15 minutes. To avoid confusion, discard the test device after interpreting the result.

Using individual Toxo IgG/IgM Combo Rapid Test cassettes as described in the Assay Procedure above, run 1 positive control and 1 Negative Control (both provided upon request) under the following circumstances to monitor test performance

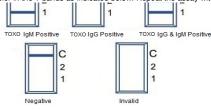
- 1. A new operator uses the kit, prior to performing testing of specimens.
- 2. A new test kit is used.
- 3. A new shipment of kits is used.
- 4. The temperature used during storage of the kit falls outside of 2°C -30°C.
- 5. The temperature of the test area falls outside of 15°C -30°C.
  - NEGATIVE RESULT: If only the C band is present, the absence of any burgundy color in the both T bands (T1 and T2) indicates that no anti-T. gonaii antibodies are detected in the specimen. The result is negative.

### POSITIVE RESULT:

- In addition to the presence of C band, if only T1 band is developed, the test indicates for the presence of IgM anti-T. gonaii in the specimen. The result is positive.
- In addition to the presence of C band, if only T2 band is developed, the test indicates for the presence of IgG anti-T. gonaii in the specimen. The result is positive.
- In addition to the presence of C band, both T1 and T2 bands are developed, the test indicates for the presence of both IgG and IgM anti-T. gonaii in the specimen. The result is also positive.

Samples with positive results should be confirmed with alternative testing method(s) and clinical findings before a positive determination is made.

INVALID: If no C band is developed, the assay is invalid regardless of any burgundy color in the T bands as indicated below. Repeat the assay with a new device.



## Clinical Performance For IgM Test

A total of 302 samples from susceptible subjects were tested by the Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test and by a commercial IgM EIA kit. Comparison for all subjects is showed in the following table

	Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid		1
	Test		
IgM EIA .	Positive	Negative	Total
Positive .	2.	0.	2
Negative	2	298	300
Total	4	298	302

Relative Sensitivity: 100%, Relative Specificity: 99.3%, Overall Agreement: 99.3%

# Clinical Performance For IgG Test

A total of 324 samples from susceptible subjects were tested by the Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test and by a commercial IgG EIA kit. Comparison for all subjects is showed

-	Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test		
IgG EIA .	Positive	Negative	Total
Positive	22	2	24
Negative	3 .	297	300
Total	25	299	324

Relative Sensitivity: 91.6%, Relative Specificity: 99.0%, Overall Agreement: 98.5%

The Assay Procedure and the Test Result Interpretation must be followed closely

- when testing the presence of antibodies to T. gonaii in serum or plasma from individual subjects. Failure to follow the procedure may give inaccurate results.
- The Diagnocure Toxo IgG/IgM Rapid Test is limited to the qualitative detection of antibodies to T. gonaii in human serum or plasma. The intensity of the test band does not have linear correlation with the antibody titer in the specimen.
- A negative result for an individual subject indicates absence of detectable anti- T. gonaii antibodies. However, a negative test result does not preclude the possibility of exposure to or infection with T. gonaii.
- A negative result can occur if the quantity of the anti-T. gonaii antibodies present in the specimen is below the detection limits of the assay, or the antibodies that are detected are not present during the stage of disease in which a sample is collected.
- Some specimens containing unusually high titer of heterophile antibodies or rheumatoid factor may affect expected results
- The results obtained with this test should only be interpreted in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures and clinical findings.
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